The Honorable Congressman Bill Posey

Coronavirus – COVID-19 Resources

Coronavirus (COVID-19) Information
For the most recent information on Coronavirus (COVID-19), you can contact the Florida Department of Health COVID-19 Call Center:

- COVID-19@flhealth.gov
- 1 (866) 779-6121
  The Call Center is available Monday through Friday, 8am to 8pm.

Florida Department of Health Contacts in Brevard County
Viera Administrative Headquarters
2565 Judge Fran Jamieson Way
Viera, FL 32940
321-454-7111
CHD05.WebMaster@flhealth.gov

Melbourne Clinic
601 East University Boulevard
Melbourne, FL 32901
321-726-2920
CHD05.WebMaster@flhealth.gov

Main Office - Viera Clinic
2555 Judge Fran Jamieson Way
Viera, FL 32940
321-639-5800
CHD05.WebMaster@flhealth.gov

Titusville Clinic
611 North Singleton Avenue
Titusville, FL 32796
321-383-2795
CHD05.WebMaster@flhealth.gov

Environmental Health Services
2725 Judge Fran Jamieson Way, Suite A116
Viera, FL 32940
321-633-2100
Brevard.EHS@flhealth.gov

Florida Department of Health contacts in Indian River County
Main Office: DOH-Indian River
1900 27th Street
Vero Beach, FL 32960
Zoom and Center
772-794-7400
sgwebinfoindianriver@flhealth.gov

Rockledge Annex
1748 Cedar Street
Rockledge, FL 32955
321-634-6337
CHD05.WebMaster@flhealth.gov
Florida Department of Health contacts in Orange County

South Side Health Center
6101 Lake Ellenor Drive
Orlando, FL 32809
407-858-1400
DLCHD48WebFeedback@flhealth.gov

Apopka Service Center
1111 N Rock Springs Rd
Apopka, FL 32712
407-858-1481
DLCHD48WebFeedback@flhealth.gov

Main Office - Central Health Center
832 W Central Blvd
Orlando, FL 32805
407-858-1430
DLCHD48WebFeedback@flhealth.gov

WIC - Central Health Center Building 3
901 West Church Street
Orlando, FL 32805
407-858-1494
DLCHD48WebFeedback@flhealth.gov

Vital Statistics - Central Health Center, Building 2
807 West Church Street
Orlando, FL 32805
407-858-1460
DLCHD48WebFeedback@flhealth.gov

Eastside Health Center
12050 East Colonial Drive
Building A
Orlando, FL 32826
407-858-1402
DLCHD48WebFeedback@flhealth.gov

Hoffner Service Center
5449 S Semoran Blvd
Orlando, FL 32822
407-858-1479
DLCHD48WebFeedback@flhealth.gov

Lake Underhill Health Center
5730 Lake Underhill Road
Orlando, FL 32807
407-858-1494
DLCHD48WebFeedback@flhealth.gov

Lila Mitchell Health Center
5151 Raleigh Street
Suite B
Orlando, FL 32811
407-858-1487
DLCHD48WebFeedback@flhealth.gov

Ocoee Health Center
475 W Story Rd
Ocoee, FL 34761
407-858-1472
DLCHD48WebFeedback@flhealth.gov

Winter Garden Health Center
13275 West Colonial Drive
Winter Garden, FL 34787
407-858-1494
DLCHD48WebFeedback@flhealth.gov

Environmental Health
1001 Executive Center Drive
Suite 200
Orlando, FL 32803
407-858-1497
DLCHD48WebFeedback@flhealth.gov

Westside WIC
6218 W. Colonial Drive Suite 232
Orlando, FL 32808
407-858-1494
DLCHD48WebFeedback@flhealth.gov
If you have returned from ANY international travel or a cruise within the last 14 days and you have fever, cough or shortness of breath, OR if you have been in close contact with someone who has recently returned from international travel or a cruise and has any of the symptoms above:

- CALL your health care provider or county health department (CHD).
- SCAN the code for the CHD finder.

If your travel history has not put you at risk, take note:

If you have been in close contact with someone who may have or had COVID-19, and you have symptoms of fever, cough or shortness of breath, or you have an underlying medical condition like diabetes or heart disease, or you a history of cancer.

Call, do not visit, your CHD or health care provider.

It’s IMPORTANT to call ahead before visiting your CHD or health care provider. Offices must take proper steps to avoid further spread of COVID-19 when a concerned patient arrives for a medical appointment.

How testing is done.

A person who is tested will have three specimens taken: oral, nasal and saliva. Samples will be given to the CHD and from there, shipped or deliver to the closest laboratory. Test results are available within 24–48 hours.

What if I test positive for COVID-19?

- Stay home except to get medical care.
- Separate yourself from other people and animals in your home.
- Call ahead before visiting your doctor.
- Wear a facemask when around others.
- Cover your coughs and sneezes
- Clean your hands often
- Avoid sharing personal household items
- Clean all “high-touch” surfaces everyday

Learn more:

tinyurl.com/FLcdcprenvention

tinyurl.com/FLcovidssick
Florida’s Response to Emerging Infectious Disease

**STATE-LEVEL ACTIONS**

- **Case in the U.S., Not in Florida**
  - Provide messages emphasizing infection control practices.
  - Implement enhanced surveillance.
  - Develop risk communication strategies.
  - Monitor travelers at increased risk for infection.
  - Conduct routine calls with public health stakeholders.

- **Single Case in Florida**
  - Implement aggressive containment strategies.
  - Provide disease control expertise.
  - Announce case and implement risk communication strategies.
  - Expand epidemiological investigation.

- **Cluster of Linked Cases in Florida**
  - Implement Joint Information Center for Risk Communications.
  - Support isolation and quarantine.

- **Multiple Un-linked Cases in Florida**
  - Consider declaring public health emergency.
  - Implement non-pharmaceutical interventions and community mitigation strategies.
  - Consider activation of the State Emergency Operations Center to Level II.
  - Support local resource needs.

- **Widespread Cases in Florida**
  - Consider declaring a state of emergency.
  - Activate State Emergency Operations Center to Level I.
  - Expand community mitigation strategies.
  - Prioritized allocation of resources.

**LOCAL-LEVEL ACTIONS**

- **Monitor situation.**
  - Disseminate information to health care providers.
  - Focus on disease surveillance.

- **Conduct contact tracing.**
  - Ensure isolation and quarantine.
  - Coordinate with health care practitioners to rapidly identify and isolate suspected cases.

- **Continue contact tracing.**
  - Continue isolation and quarantine.
  - Consider activating local incident management functions.

- **Activate county emergency operations centers.**
  - Implement community mitigation strategies.
  - Establish alternate care systems.
  - Consider activation of continuity of operations and continuity of business plans.
  - Monitor resource inventories of personal protective equipment and supplies.

Local county contact information can be found at FloridaHealth.gov.

05/04/2020
What is coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19)?
Coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) is a respiratory illness that can spread from person to person. The virus that causes COVID-19 is a novel coronavirus that was first identified during an investigation into an outbreak in Wuhan, China.

Can people in the U.S. get COVID-19?
Yes. COVID-19 is spreading from person to person in parts of the United States. Risk of infection with COVID-19 is higher for people who are close contacts of someone known to have COVID-19, for example healthcare workers, or household members. Other people at higher risk for infection are those who live in or have recently been in an area with ongoing spread of COVID-19. Learn more about places with ongoing spread at https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/about/transmission.html#geographic.

Have there been cases of COVID-19 in the U.S.?

How does COVID-19 spread?
The virus that causes COVID-19 probably emerged from an animal source, but is now spreading from person to person. The virus is thought to spread mainly between people who are in close contact with one another (within about 6 feet) through respiratory droplets produced when an infected person coughs or sneezes. It also may be possible that a person can get COVID-19 by touching a surface or object that has the virus on it and then touching their own mouth, nose, or possibly their eyes, but this is not thought to be the main way the virus spreads. Learn what is known about the spread of newly emerged coronaviruses at https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/about/transmission.html.

What are the symptoms of COVID-19?
Patients with COVID-19 have had mild to severe respiratory illness with symptoms of
• fever
• cough
• shortness of breath

What are severe complications from this virus?
Some patients have pneumonia in both lungs, multi-organ failure and in some cases death.

How can I help protect myself?
People can help protect themselves from respiratory illness with everyday preventive actions.
• Avoid close contact with people who are sick.
• Avoid touching your eyes, nose, and mouth with unwashed hands.
• Wash your hands often with soap and water for at least 20 seconds. Use an alcohol-based hand sanitizer that contains at least 60% alcohol if soap and water are not available.

If you are sick, to keep from spreading respiratory illness to others, you should
• Stay home when you are sick.
• Cover your cough or sneeze with a tissue, then throw the tissue in the trash.
• Clean and disinfect frequently touched objects and surfaces.

What should I do if I recently traveled from an area with ongoing spread of COVID-19?
If you have traveled from an affected area, there may be restrictions on your movements for up to 2 weeks. If you develop symptoms during that period (fever, cough, trouble breathing), seek medical advice. Call the office of your health care provider before you go, and tell them about your travel and your symptoms. They will give you instructions on how to get care without exposing other people to your illness. While sick, avoid contact with people, don’t go out and delay any travel to reduce the possibility of spreading illness to others.

Is there a vaccine?
There is currently no vaccine to protect against COVID-19. The best way to prevent infection is to take everyday preventive actions, like avoiding close contact with people who are sick and washing your hands often.

Is there a treatment?
There is no specific antiviral treatment for COVID-19. People with COVID-19 can seek medical care to help relieve symptoms.